Non-linear optics of metals at the interband absorption edge

Nick N. Lepeshkin Giovanni Piredda Aaron Schweinsberg Robert W. Boyd



The Institute of Optics, University of Rochester, Rochester, NY 14627, USA

Introduction

 $C^{(3)}$ - NLO properties of noble metals have been studied in:

- -Nanoparticles -Percolation films -Thin films
 - **Results:**





Metals = losses!

Interaction length L ~ skin depth

 $\chi^{(3)}\,$ - mostly imaginary

Nonlinear response localized at the IB absorption edge

Artificial composite materials



Features:

Reduced loss (linear properties studied by Bloemer and Scalora [1]) Enhanced nonlinear response (theory by Bennink et al. [2]) Shifted peak of nonlinear response Imaginary $\chi^{(3)} \rightarrow$ nonlinear phase shift Increased damage threshold

[1] M. Bloemer and M. Scalora, Appl. Phys. Lett. 72, 1676 (1998)
[2] R. S. Bennink, Y. Yoon, R. W. Boyd, J. E. Sipe, Opt. Lett. 24, 1416, (1999)

Loss mechanisms in metals



λ, nm

Handbook of Optical Constants of Solid, edited by E. D. Palik (Academic, New York, 1991)





λ, nm

"Fermi smearing"





 $\Delta T \rightarrow \Delta \boldsymbol{e}(E_{IB}) \rightarrow$ change in optical properties

Near interband edge, "Fermi smearing" is dominant nonlinear process

G. L. Eesley, Phys. Rev. B33, 2144 (1986) H. E. Elsayed-Ali et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 58, 1212 (1987)



Reflection/Transmission Z-scan



Cubic susceptibility of pure Cu



Nonlinear response of PBG



Strong nonlinear features @ 650 nm!

Nonlinear phase shift in PBG



λ, nm

Conclusions

- Stable, artificial, solid-state NLO material
- Enhanced transmission (10X)
- Enhanced nonlinear response (20X) over extended spectral range (550-650 nm)

