

# **Enhanced nonlinear optical response of 1-D metal-dielectric photonic band-gap structures**

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# Outline

## 1. Motivation

How to access nonlinearity of metals?

Why 1-D MD-PBG?

*Optical transparency*

*Nonlinear response?*

## 2. How to Design 1-D MD PBG for NLO

### 3. Linear properties

### 4. Elements of nonlinear response

*High EM field strength*

*Intrinsic susceptibility of metal*

*Phase response of PBG*

### 5. Experimental observation of enhancement of NLO response in 1-D MD PBG

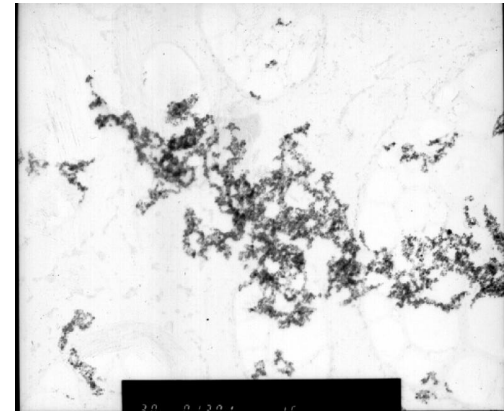
## How to access nonlinearity of metals?

$\mathbf{c}_{metal}^{(3)} \cong 10^{-8} \div 10^{-7}$  esu - opaque!

$\mathbf{c}_{SiO_2}^{(3)} \cong 10^{-14}$  esu - transparent!

Discontinuous composite materials:

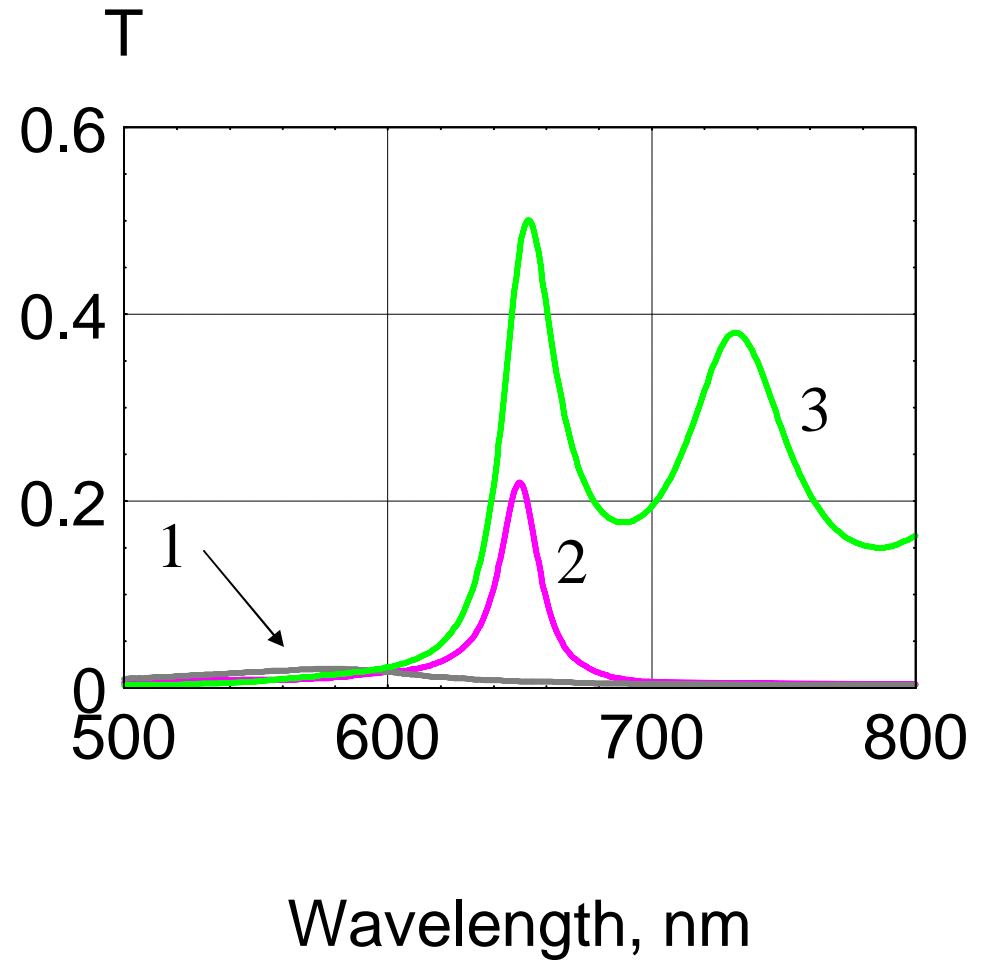
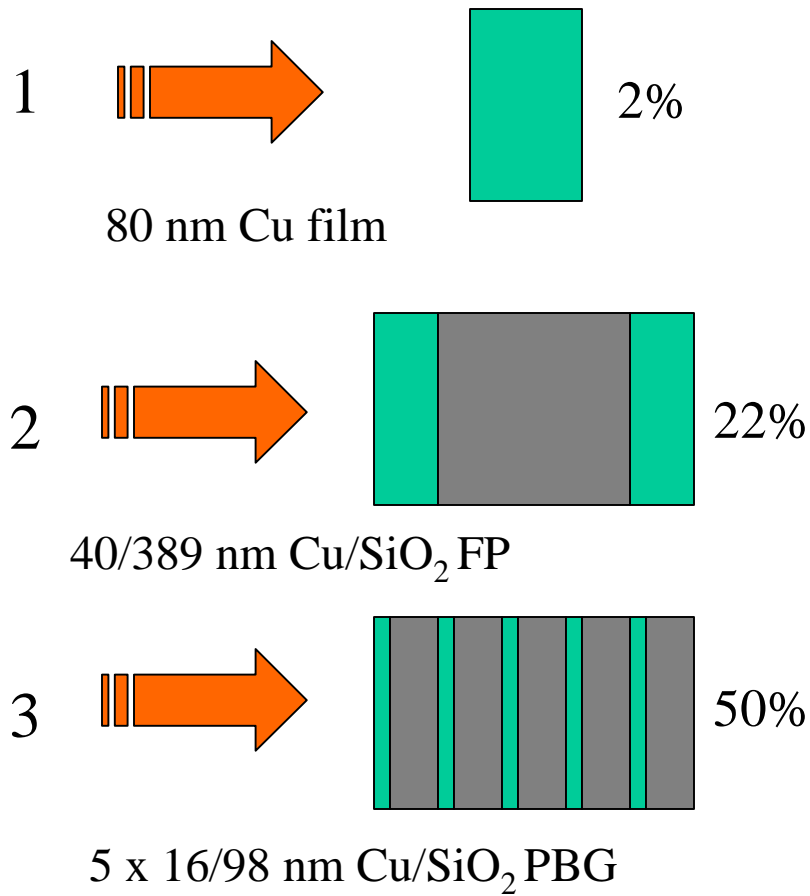
- colloidal solutions
- metal doped glasses
- granular metal films



Layered periodic MD structures:

High transparency within specified spectral range (PBG effect)  
Enhanced NLO response?

# 1-D Metal/Dielectric PBG structures

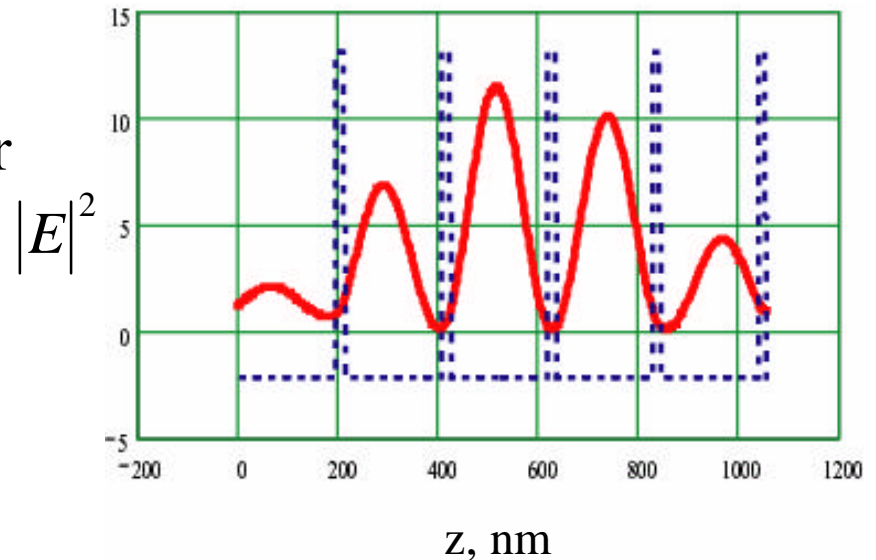


# How to Design 1-D MD PBG for NLO

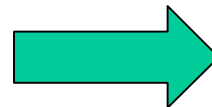
$$\mathbf{e} \cong \mathbf{e}_{lin} + \mathbf{c}_m^{(3)} \cdot \mathbf{h} \cdot F \cdot E^2$$

$\mathbf{h}$  – field factor     $F$ - phase factor

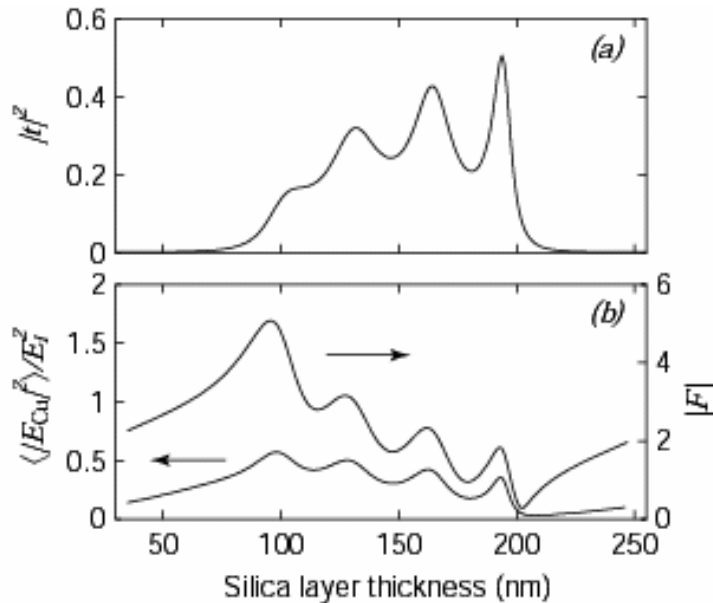
$$l = 650 \text{ nm}$$



— 5 x 16/195 PBG  
 - - - metal



5 x 16/196 nm Cu/SiO<sub>2</sub> PBG

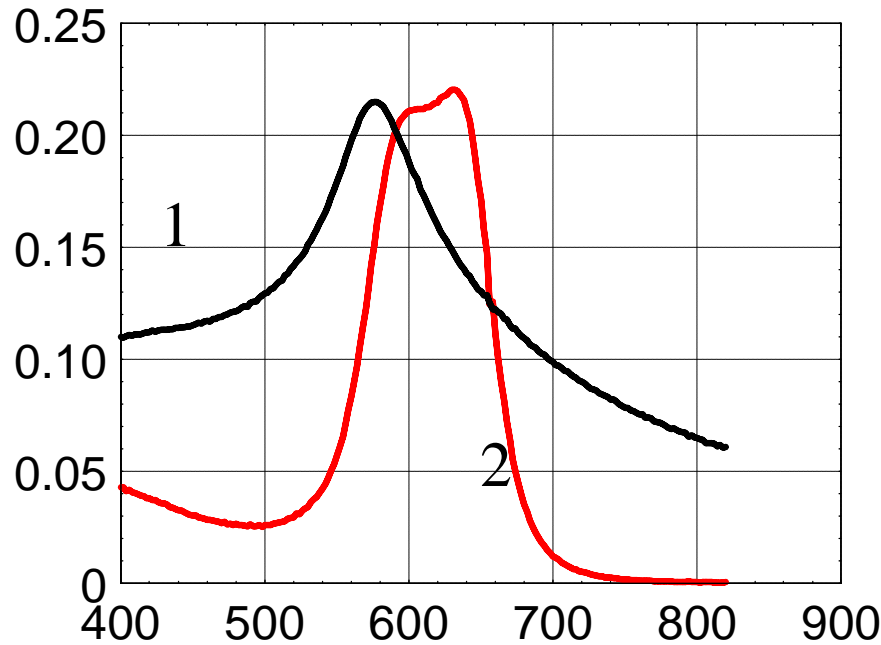


# Linear optical properties

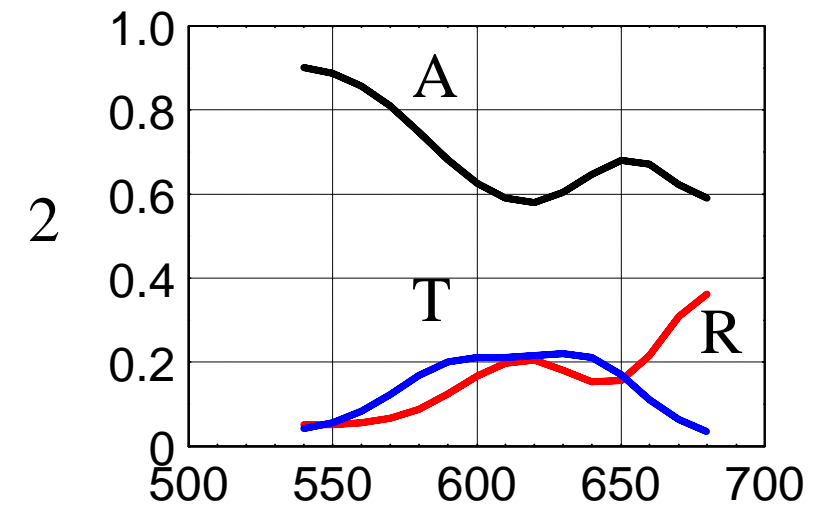
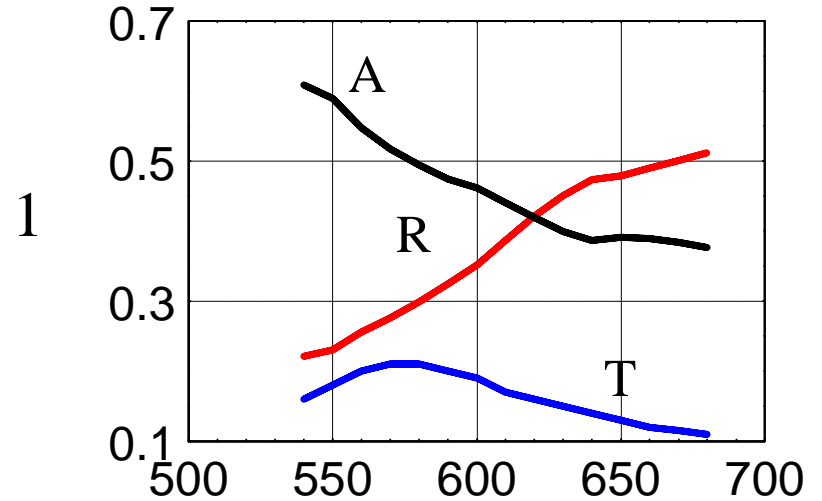
1- 40 nm Cu film - bulk

2- 5 x 16/98 nm Cu/SiO<sub>2</sub> PBG - composite

Transmittance



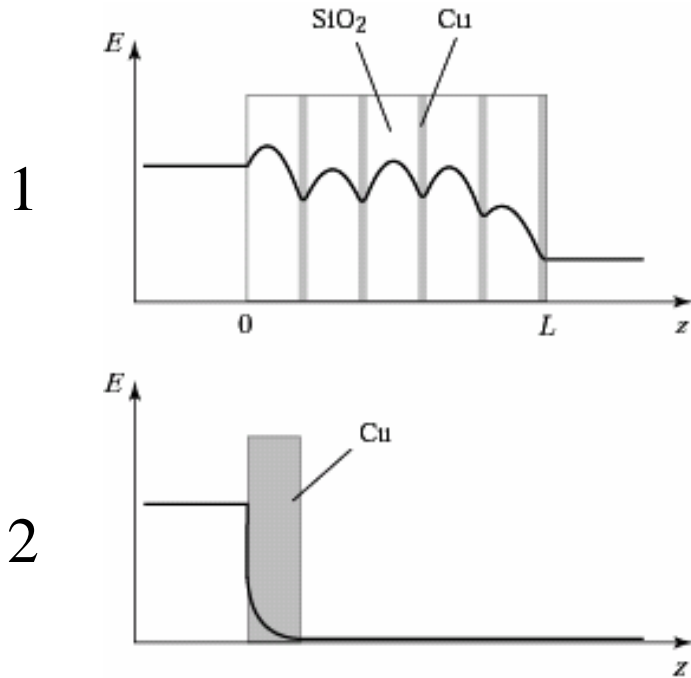
Wavelength, nm



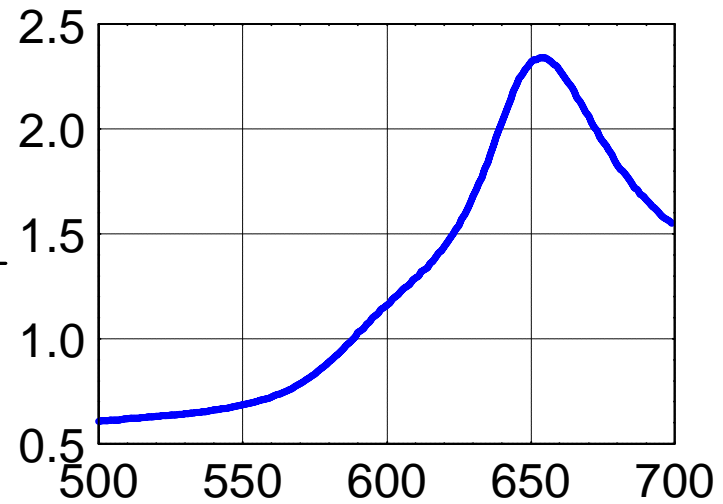
# High EM field strength

1 - 5 x 16/98 nm Cu/SiO<sub>2</sub> PBG

2 - 40 nm Cu film



$$\frac{\langle E_{PBG}^2 \rangle}{\langle E_{Cu}^2 \rangle}$$



Wavelength, nm

# Nonlinear susceptibility of bulk metal

NLO properties of copper

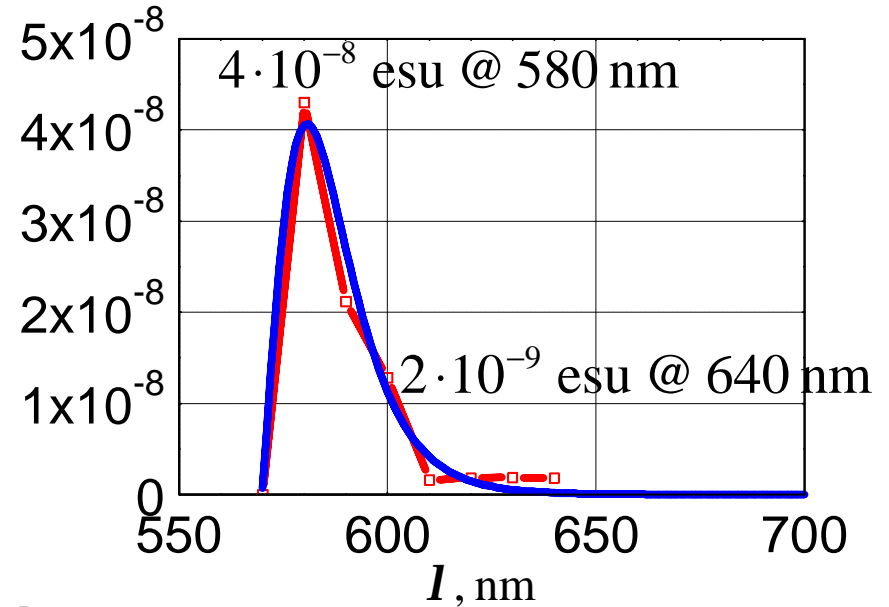
@ interband threshold -

Fermi smearing

$$dE = E_g - \hbar\omega$$

$$\text{Re}(\mathbf{c}^{(3)})_{FS} \ll \text{Im}(\mathbf{c}^{(3)})_{FS}$$

$$\text{Im}(\mathbf{c}^{(3)})$$



$$\text{Im}(\mathbf{c}^{(3)})_{FS} = C \frac{dE}{k_B T} \frac{e^{-\frac{dE}{k_B T}}}{(1 + e^{-\frac{dE}{k_B T}})^2} \quad \Delta I_{FS} \cong \frac{\hbar c}{E_g^2} k_B T$$

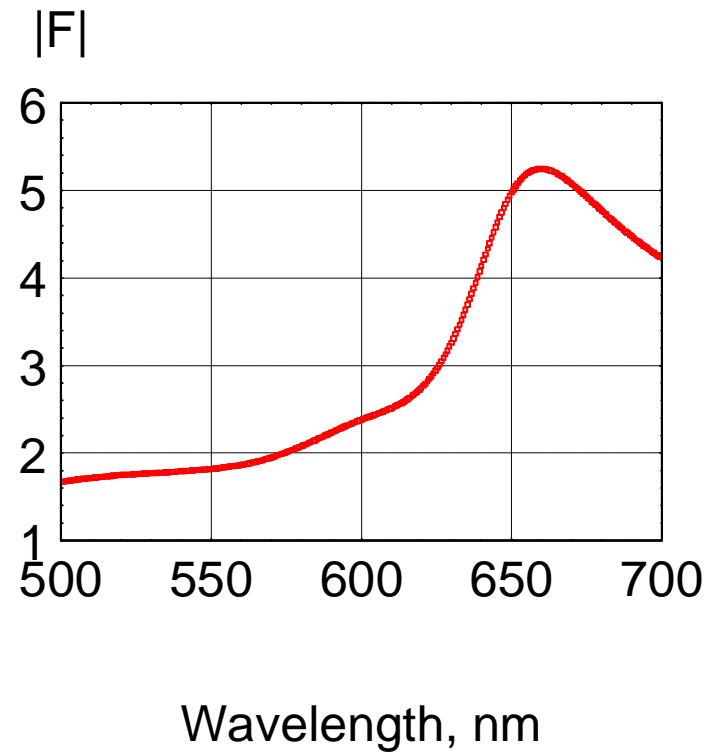
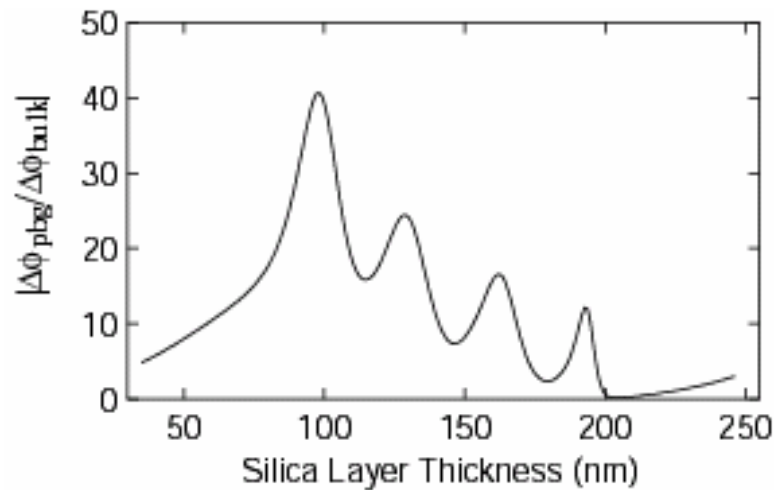
$$E_g = 2.15 \text{ eV}$$

F. Hache *et al.* Appl. Phys. A **47**, 347-357 (1988)



# Phase response

$$F = \frac{\Delta f}{\frac{2p}{l} \int_0^L \Delta n dz} \quad \text{-phase sensitivity}$$

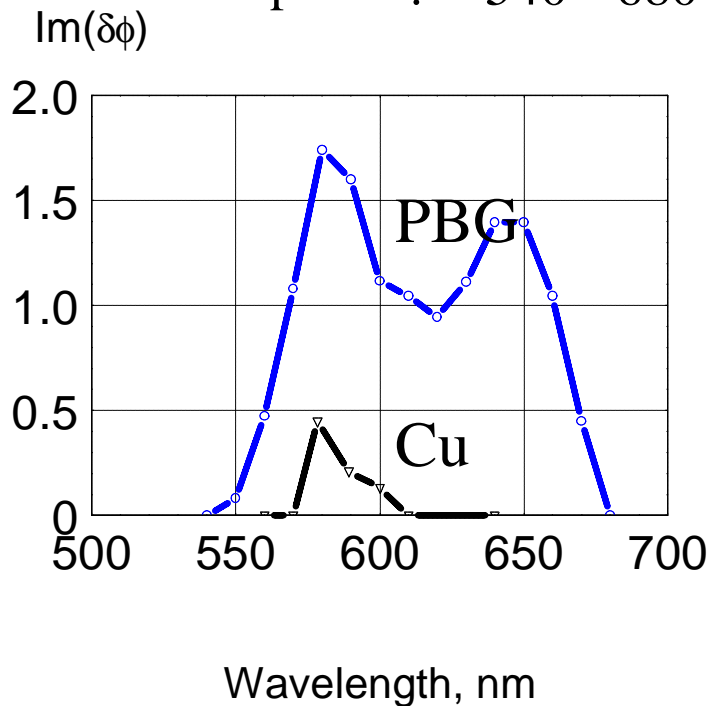


# NLO response of MD PBG

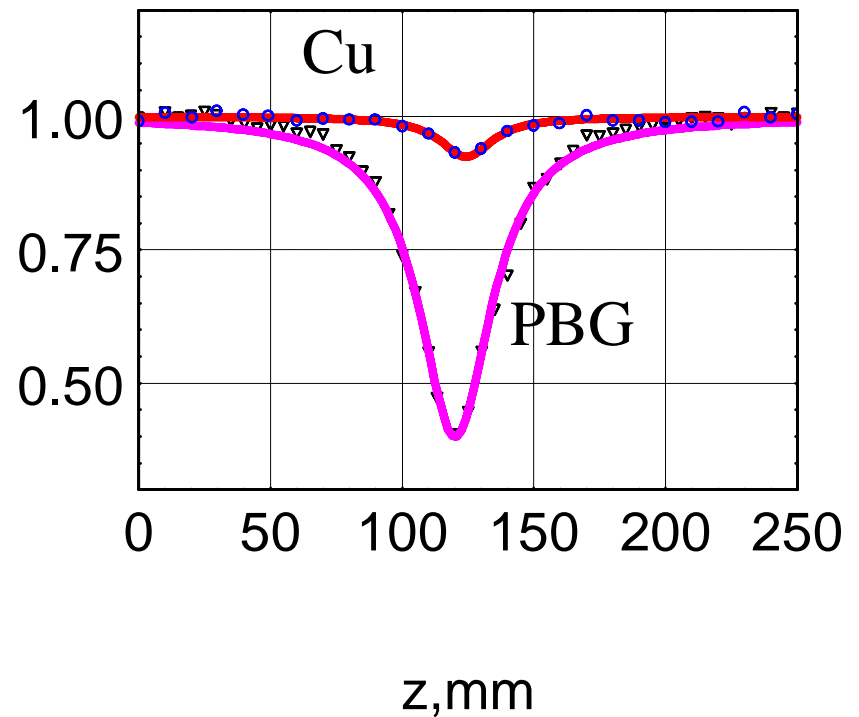
$$df = df' + i \cdot (\ln(\sqrt{T_{lin}}) - \ln(\sqrt{T(I)})) - \text{complex nonlinear phase shift}$$

$$df' \ll df'' \quad df \leftarrow Z\text{-scan}$$

EKSPLA OPG  
 E=2-5 uJ I=100 MW/cm<sup>2</sup>  
 t=25 ps     ? = 540 – 680 nm



I = 500 MW/cm<sup>2</sup>      $\frac{df''_{PBG}}{df''_{Cu}} \cong 35$   
 ? = 640 nm  
 $T_{norm}$



## Conclusions

We introduced artificial, stable, solid state NLO material with tunable (by design) transmission band and high damage threshold.

We experimentally demonstrated enhanced nonlinear response of 1-D MD PBG structure within the passband compared to that of bulk metal. The enhancement factor was measured to be as high as 35.